BỘ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO

ĐỀ THI CHÍNH THỨC

Kỳ THI TRUNG HỌC PHỔ THÔNG QUỐC GIA NĂM 2015 Môn: TIẾNG ANH

Thời gian làm bài: 90 phút, không kể thời gian phát đề

(Đề thi có 06 trang) Mã đề thi 362 Ho và tên thí sinh: Số báo danh:..... **SECTION A (8 points)** Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions. **Ouestion 1: A.** break B. clean C. deal D. teach Question 2: A. noticed **B.** finished D. supported C. approached Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions. **Question 3: A.** influential **B.** advantageous C. compulsory **D.** oceanic **Question 4: A.** instrument B. recipe C. commitment D. candidate Question 5: A. contain B. conceal C. conquer D. conserve Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions. Question 6: Changes have been made in our primary schooling program. As a result, young children ____ do homework any more. A. oughtn't B. needn't C. couldn't D. haven't Question 7: the salesman promised to exchange the defective CD player for a new one, they insisted on getting a refund. A. Despite C. Although B. But **D.** And Question 8: Although MERS (Middle East Respiratory Syndrome) spreads through close contact with sick people, not through the air, many people still avoid ______ to crowded places. C. having gone A. to go B. gone **D.** going Question 9: Students will not be allowed into the exam room if they _____ their student cards. A. didn't produce **B.** don't produce C. produced **D.** hadn't produced **Question 10:** A large number of inventions and discoveries have been made accident. B. at C. on D. in A. bv _____ in our school next semester. Question 11: The headmaster has decided that three lecture halls _____ **B.** will be building C. are being built A. will build **D.** will be built answered the phone, told me that the director was out. Question 12: The receptionist, B. whose C. whom A. who **D.** that Question 13: John has finally found a new job after being _ for three months. A. out of mind **B.** out of work C. out of reach **D**. out of order Question 14: When asked about their preference for movies, many young people say that they are in favour science fiction. C. with A. for B. in D. of Question 15: A molecule of water is _____ of two atoms of hydrogen and one atom of oxygen. C. composed A. included **B.** consisted **D.** created **Question 16:** After the new technique had been introduced, the factory produced cars in 2014 as the year before. **B.** twice as many A. as many twice C. as twice many D. twice many as Question 17: It is _____ of businessmen to shake hands in formal meetings. A. typical **B.** ordinary C. common D. familiar

Question 18: Nguyen Thi Anh Vien performed so well in the 28th Sea Games women's 200m butterfly that __ her. none of her rivals could _____ A. catch up with **B.** come up to C. look up to D. put up with **Question 19:** Global warming will result crop failures and famine. A. of B. to C. from D. in **Question 20:** Jane really loves the jewelry box that her parents gave her as a birthday present. **C.** wooden brown nice A. nice wooden brown B. nice brown wooden **D.** brown wooden nice **Question 21:** Such characters as fairies or witches in Walt Disney animated cartoons are purely **B.** imagining C. imaginative **D.** imaginable A. imaginary at school yesterday when we were informed that there was no class due to a sudden **Question 22:** power cut. A. We had arrived hardly B. We have hardly arrived C. Hardly had we arrived **D.** Hardly we had arrived Question 23: Mike and Lane are university students. They are talking about Lane's upcoming high-school reunion. Select the most suitable response to fill in the blank. Mike: "So, you have your fifth high-school reunion coming up?" Lane: " A. Yeah. I'm really looking forward to it. **B.** The food at the reunion was excellent. **C.** No. You're in no mood for the event. D. Oh, the school reunion was wonderful. Question 24: Ken and Tom are high-school students. They are discussing where their study group will meet. Select the most suitable response to fill in the blank. Ken: "Where is our study group going to meet next weekend?" Tom: " **B.** The library would be best. A. We are too busy on weekdays. C. Why don't you look at the atlas? **D.** Studying in a group is great fun. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions. Question 25: "Don't be such a <u>pessimist</u>. I'm sure you'll soon get over it. Cheer up!" **B.** hobbyist C. activist **D.** feminist A. optimist Question 26: "Be quick! We must speed up if we don't want to miss the flight." A. slow down **B.** put forward C. turn down **D.** look up Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions. Question 27: Since poaching is becoming more seriously, the government has imposed stricter laws R С Α to prevent it. D Question 28: The number of homeless people in Nepal have increased sharply due to the recent R severe earthquake. Question 29: All the candidates for the scholarship will be equally treated regarding of their age, sex, В Α С or nationality. Question 30: <u>Reminding</u> not to miss the 15:20 train, the manager set out for the station in a hurry. R С D **Question 31:** It is common knowledge that solar heating for a large office building is technically different R Α from a single-family home. D

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 32 to 41.

Plants and animals will find it difficult to escape from or adjust to the effects of global warming. Scientists have already observed shifts in the lifecycles of many plants and animals, such as flowers blooming earlier and birds hatching earlier in the spring. Many species have begun shifting where they live or their annual migration patterns due to warmer temperatures.

With further warming, animals will tend to migrate toward the poles and up mountainsides toward higher elevations. Plants will also attempt to shift their ranges, seeking new areas as old habitats grow too warm. In many places, however, human development will prevent these shifts. Species that find cities or farmland blocking their way north or south may become extinct. Species living in unique ecosystems, such as **those** found in polar and mountaintop regions, are especially at risk because migration to new habitats is not possible. For example, polar bears and marine mammals in the Arctic are already threatened by **dwindling sea ice** but have nowhere farther north to go.

Projecting species extinction due to global warming is extremely difficult. Some scientists have estimated that 20 to 50 percent of species could be committed to extinction with 2 to 3 Celsius degrees of further warming. The rate of warming, not just the magnitude, is extremely important for plants and animals. Some species and even entire ecosystems, such as certain types of forest, may not be able to adjust quickly enough and may disappear.

Ocean ecosystems, especially **fragile** ones like coral reefs, will also be affected by global warming. Warmer ocean temperatures can cause coral to "bleach", a state which if prolonged will lead to the death of the coral. Scientists estimate that even 1 Celsius degree of additional warming could lead to widespread bleaching and death of coral reefs around the world. Also, increasing carbon dioxide in the atmosphere enters the ocean and increases the acidity of ocean waters. This acidification further stresses ocean ecosystems.

From "Global Warming" by Michael Mastrandrea and Stephen H. Schneider

Question 32: Scientists have observed that warmer to A. bloom earlier B. die instantly	emperatures in the spring cause flowers to C. become lighter D. lose color				
Question 33: According to paragraph 2, when their habitats grow warmer, animals tend to move A. toward the North Pole and down mountainsides toward lower elevations B. toward the poles and up mountainsides toward higher elevations C. south-eastwards and down mountainsides toward lower elevations D. north-westwards and up mountainsides toward higher elevations					
Question 34:The pronoun "those" in paragraph 2 reA. areasB. habitats	efers to C. species D. ecosystems				
Question 35: The phrase "dwindling sea ice" in pa A. the cold ice in the Arctic C. the melting ice in the Arctic	ragraph 2 refers to B. the violent Arctic Ocean D. the frozen water in the Arctic				
Question 36: It is mentioned in the passage that if the global temperature rose by 2 or 3 Celsius degrees,					
 A. half of the earth's surface would be flooded B. water supply would decrease by 50 percent C. the sea level would rise by 20 centimeters D. 20 to 50 percent of species could become extinct 					
temperatures,	B. they can begin to developD. they move to tropical forests				
Question 38:The word "fragile" in paragraph 4 most A. pretty hardB. easily damaged					
Question 39: The bleaching of coral reefs as mention A. the slow death of coral reefs C. the quick growth of marine mammals	B. the blooming phase of sea weeds				
Question 40: The level of acidity in the ocean is incre A. the loss of acidity in the atmosphere around the B. the decrease of acidity of the pole waters C. the extinction of species in coastal areas D. the rising amount of carbon dioxide entering the	earth				

Question 41: What does the passage mainly discuss?

- A. Global warming and possible solutions
- **B.** Global warming and species migration
- C. Influence of climate changes on human lifestyles
- **D.** Effects of global warming on animals and plants

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 42 to 51.

Library is a collection of books and other informational materials made available to people for reading, study, or reference. The word *library* comes (42)_____ *liber*, the Latin word for "book". (43)_____, library collections have almost always contained a variety of materials. Contemporary libraries maintain collections that include not only printed materials such as manuscripts, books, newspapers, and magazines, (44)_____ audio-visual and online databases. In addition (45)_____ maintaining collections within library buildings, modern libraries often feature telecommunications links that provide users with access to information at remote sites.

The central mission of a library (46)_____ to collect, organize, preserve, and provide access to knowledge and information. In fulfilling this mission, libraries preserve a valuable record of culture that can be passed down to (47)_____ generations. Libraries are an essential link in this communication between the past, present, and future. Whether the cultural record is contained in books or in electronic formats, libraries ensure (48)_____ the record is preserved and made available for later use.

People use library resources to gain information about personal (49)______ or to obtain recreational materials such as films and novels. Students use libraries to supplement and enhance their classroom experiences, to learn (50)______ in locating sources of information, and to develop good reading and study habits. Public officials use libraries to research legislation and public policy issues. One of the most valued of all cultural institutions, the library (51) ______ information and services that are essential to learning and progress.

Question 42: A. from	B. to	C. in	D. out
Question 43: A. However	B. Despite	C. Instead	D. Therefore
Question 44: A. but also	B. as well	C. or else	D. only if
Question 45: A. to	B. in	C. from	D. on
Question 46: A. have	B. is	C. has	D. are
Question 47: A. success	B. successful	C. succeed	D. succeeding
Question 48: A. who	B. what	C. which	D. that
Question 49: A. attractions	B. appeals	C. interests	D. profits
Question 50: A. abilities	B. skills	C. capacities	D. talents
Question 51: A. digests	B. applies	C. relates	D. supplies

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 52: When Susan invited us to dinner, she really showed off her <u>culinary</u> talents. She prepared a feast – a huge selection of dishes that were simply mouth-watering.

A. relating to medical knowledge
 C. having to do with food and cooking
 B. concerning nutrition and health
 D. involving hygienic conditions and diseases
 Question 53: "It's no use talking to me about metaphysics. It's a closed book to me."
 A. an object that I really love
 C. a subject that I don't understand
 D. a theme that I like to discuss
 Question 54: Suddenly, it began to rain heavily, so all the summer hikers got drenched all over.

A. cleansed B. refreshed

C. completely wet **D.** very tired

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 55 to 64.

Overpopulation, the situation of having large numbers of people with too few resources and too little space, is closely associated with poverty. It can result from high population density, or from low amounts of resources, or from both. Excessively high population densities put stress on available resources. Only a certain

number of people can be supported on a given area of land, and **that number** depends on how much food and other resources the land can provide. In countries where people live primarily by means of simple farming, gardening, herding, hunting, and gathering, even large areas of land can support only small numbers of people because these labor-intensive subsistence activities produce only small amounts of food.

In developed countries such as the United States, Japan, and the countries of Western Europe, overpopulation generally is not considered a major cause of poverty. These countries produce large quantities of food through mechanized farming, which depends on commercial fertilizers, large-scale irrigation, and agricultural machinery. This form of production provides enough food to support the high densities of people in metropolitan areas.

A country's level of poverty can depend greatly on its mix of population density and agricultural productivity. Bangladesh, for example, has one of the world's highest population densities, with 1,147 persons per sq km. A large majority of the people of Bangladesh **engage in** low-productivity manual farming, which contributes to the country's extremely high level of poverty. Some of the smaller countries in Western Europe, such as the Netherlands and Belgium, have high population densities as well. These countries practice mechanized farming and are involved in high-tech industries, however, and therefore have high standards of living.

At the other end of the spectrum, many countries in sub-Saharan Africa have population densities of less than 30 persons per sq km. Many people in these countries practice manual subsistence farming; these countries also have **infertile** land, and lack the economic resources and technology to boost productivity. As a consequence, these nations are very poor. The United States has both relatively low population density and high agricultural productivity; it is one of the world's wealthiest nations.

High birth rates contribute to overpopulation in many developing countries. Children are assets to many poor families because they provide labor, usually for farming. Cultural norms in traditionally rural societies commonly sanction the value of large families. Also, the governments of developing countries often provide little or no support, financial or political, for family planning; even people who wish to keep their families small have difficulty doing so. For all these reasons, developing countries tend to have high rates of population growth.

Question 55: Which of the following is given a definition in paragraph 1?					
A. Poverty	B. Population density	C. Overpopulation	D. Simple farming		
Question 56:What will suffer when there are excessively high population densities?A. Available resourcesB. Farming methodsC. Land areaD. Skilled labor					
	-				
Question 57: The phrase "t					
	B. countries	C. people			
Question 58: In certain countries, large areas of land can only yield small amounts of food becauseA. there is an abundance of resourcesB. there is no shortage of skilled laborC. there are small numbers of laborersD. there is lack of mechanization					
 Question 59: Bangladesh is a country where the level of poverty depends greatly on A. population density in metropolitan areas B. both population density and agricultural productivity C. its population density only D. its high agricultural productivity 					
Question 60: The phrase "e	engage in" in paragraph 3	3 is closest in meaning to			
A. escape from		C. give up	D. participate in		
Question 61: The word "inf	fertile" in paragraph 4 pro	obably means			
A. impossible			D. inaccessible		
 Question 62: Which of the following is TRUE, according to the passage? A. In sub-Saharan African countries, productivity is boosted by technology. B. There is no connection between a country's culture and overpopulation. C. All small countries in Western Europe have high population densities. D. In certain developed countries, mechanized farming is applied. 					
Question 63: Which of the following is a contributor to overpopulation in many developing countries?					
A. High-tech facilities		B. High birth rates			
C. Economic resources		D. Sufficient financial sup	port		
Question 64:Which of the following could be the best title for the passage?A. High Birth Rate and its ConsequencesB. Poverty in Developing CountriesC. Overpopulation: A Worldwide ProblemD. Overpopulation: A Cause of Poverty					

From "Poverty" by Thomas J. Corbett

SECTION B (2 points)

I. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means the same as the sentence printed before it. Write your answers on your answer sheet.

Question 1: If John does not change his working style, he will be sacked soon.

Unless

- **Question 2:** "Would you like to come to my 18th birthday party?" he asked me. He invited
- **Question 3:** People believe that this new teaching method is more effective than the old one. This new teaching method ______.
- **Question 4:** He did not realize how difficult the task was until he was halfway through it. Not until ______.
- **Question 5:** It was wrong of you to leave the class without asking for your teacher's permission. You should not ______.

II. In about 140 words, write a paragraph about the benefits of reading books. Write your paragraph on your answer sheet.

The following prompts might be helpful to you.

- Widening knowledge
- Improving language
- Relaxing

----- THE END ------